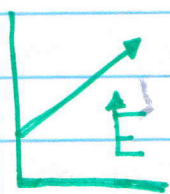


3.3. Inkomste en Uitgawes
 *Gaan deur Verskillende tipes inkomstes op bl. 86 en 87

3.4 Rente

Ontvang rente: In jou voordeel $\$$
 Om geld weg te sit waar dit rente verdien.

Betaal rente: In ander se voordeel R
 Geld verskuldig/geleen loop rente by.



2 Tipes rente



Enkelvoudige rente

Saamgestelde rente
 Rente op rente

Tydperk		n
Daglik	÷	365
Maandeliks	÷	12
Kwartaalliks	÷	4
Halfjaarlik	÷	2
Jaarlik	÷	1

→ 3 maande elk
 → 6 maande elk

Rentekoers: % rente b.v. $8\% = \frac{8}{100}$

Enkelvoudige Rente

Die rente verdien vir 'n enkele tydperk by konstant

Voorbeeld

→ Jan belê R5000 vir 3 jaar teen 'n rente koers van 10% p.a.

Toekomstige bedrag: ?

Huidige bedrag: R5000

Tydperk: 3 jaar

Rente koers: 10% / $\frac{10}{100}$

→ Rente vir 1 jaar

$$R5000 \times \frac{10}{100} \div 1 = \underline{R500}$$

$R500 \times 3 \text{ jaar} = \underline{R1500}$ Rente oor 3 jaar

$$\therefore \begin{array}{l} R5000 \\ \text{[bedrag belê]} \end{array} + \begin{array}{l} R1500 \\ \text{[Rente verdien na 3 jaar]} \end{array} = \underline{R6500}$$

→ Na die 3 jaar wil Jan hê die geld moet maandeliks aan hom uit betaal, oor 'n tydperk van 2 jaar.

$$\therefore \begin{array}{l} R6500 \\ \text{[Totale bedrag in belegging]} \end{array} \div \begin{array}{l} 24 \text{ maande} \\ \text{[2 jaar} \times 12] \end{array} = R270,83$$

Huurkoop

Kan rente eenvoudig- / saamgestelde wees.

Huurkoop beteken: [korttermynlening]

Jy huur die goedere totdat dit ten volle afbetaal is.

Voorbeeld:

Deposito: 15%

Pruduk prys: R10 000

Tydperk: 24 mnde = 2 jaar

Rente koers: 10% per jaar

1. Bereken die totale bedrag wat betaal moet word?

Deposito:

$$R10000 \times \frac{15}{100} = R1500$$

$$\therefore R10000 - R1500 = R8500$$

Rente op leningsbedrag:

$$\text{Jaar } 1: R8500 \times \frac{10}{100} = R850$$

$$\therefore R850 \times 2 = R1700 \rightarrow 2 \text{ jaar se rente.}$$

Totale bedrag:

$$R8500 + R1700 = \overbrace{R10\,200}^{\text{Moet mnd terug betaal}} + \overbrace{R1500}^{\text{Deposito}} \\ = R11\,700$$

2 Bereken die maandelikse paaiement

$$R10\ 200 \div 24 \text{ mnde} = R\ 425 \text{ per maand.}$$

Doen oefening 4 : bl. 95-96

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \quad R1200 \times \frac{5,5}{100} &= R66 \quad [\text{Rente vir 1 jaar}] \\ R66 \times 3 \text{ jaar} &= R198 \quad [\text{Rente vir 3 jaar}] \\ \text{Totaal} &= R1200 + R198 = R1\ 398 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2.1 \quad R800 \times \frac{6,8}{100} &= R54,4 \quad [\text{vir 1 jaar}] \\ R54,4 \times 5 &= R272 \end{aligned}$$

$$2.2 \quad R800 + R272 = R1072$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.1 \quad R3500 \times \frac{3,5}{100} &= R122,5 \quad [\text{vir 1 volle jaar}] \\ \therefore R122,5 \times 2,5 &= R306,25 \end{aligned}$$

$$3.2 \quad R3500 + R306,25 = R3806,25$$

$$4.1 \quad R12000 + \left[\left(R12000 \times \frac{7,9}{100} \right) \times 5 \right] = R14\ 844$$

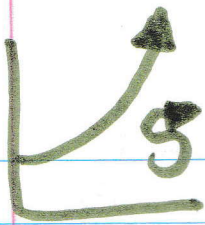
$$\begin{aligned} 4.2 \quad R14\ 844 - R12\ 000 \\ &= R\ 2844 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5 \quad R11\ 499 \times \frac{20}{100} &= R2299,8 \\ R11\ 499 - R2299,8 &= R9\ 199,2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(R9\ 199,2 \times \frac{17,5}{100} \right) \times 3 \overset{\text{Joar}}{=} R4829,58 \quad [\text{Rente vir 3 jaar}]$$

$$\text{Totaal: } R9\ 199,2 + R4829,58 = R14\ 028,78$$

$$R14\ 028,78 \div 36 \text{ mnd} \overset{\text{3 jaar}}{=} R389,68 \text{ per mnd}$$



Saamgestelde rente

Rente op Rente

Voorbeeld

Jan belê R10 000 vir 1 jaar teen 5% pa saamgestel.

[Jaarliks]

$$R10\,000 + (R10\,000 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 1) = \underline{R10\,500}$$

Jaarlikse saamgestel

[Maandeliks]

$$R10\,000 + (R10\,000 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = \underline{R10\,041,67}$$

Maandelikse saamgestel

$$R10\,041,67 + (R10\,041,67 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = \underline{R10\,083,51} \text{ Mnd 2}$$

$$R10\,083,51 + (R10\,083,51 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = R10\,125,52 \text{ Mnd 3}$$

$$R10\,125,52 + (R10\,125,52 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = R10\,167,71 \text{ Mnd 4}$$

$$R10\,167,71 + (R10\,167,71 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = R10\,210,08 \text{ Mnd 5}$$

$$R10\,210,08 + (R10\,210,08 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = R10\,252,62 \text{ Mnd 6}$$

$$R10\,252,62 + (R10\,252,62 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = R10\,295,34 \text{ Mnd 7}$$

$$R10\,295,34 + (R10\,295,34 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = R10\,338,24 \text{ Mnd 8}$$

$$R10\,338,24 + (R10\,338,24 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = R10\,381,31 \text{ Mnd 9}$$

$$R10\,381,31 + (R10\,381,31 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = R10\,424,57 \text{ Mnd 10}$$

$$R10\,424,57 + (R10\,424,57 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = R10\,468,01 \text{ Mnd 11}$$

$$R10\,468,01 + (R10\,468,01 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 12) = \underline{R10\,511,62} \text{ Mnd 12}$$

[Kwartaalliks]

Kwartaallike saamgestel

$$R10\,000 + (R10\,000 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 4) = R10\,125 \text{ [1^{de} 3 mnde]}$$

$$R10\,125 + (R10\,125 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 4) = R10\,251,56 \text{ [2^{de} 3 mnde]}$$

$$R10\,251,56 + (R10\,251,56 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 4) = R10\,379,71 \text{ [3^{de} 3 mnde]}$$

$$R10\,379,71 + (R10\,379,71 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 4) = R10\,509,45 \text{ [4^{de} 3 mnde]}$$

[Halfjaarlijks]

halfjaarlijks samengesteld

$$R10\,000 + (R10\,000 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 2) = R10\,250 \quad [1^{ste} \text{ 6 maande}]$$

$$R10\,250 + (R10\,250 \times \frac{5}{100} \div 2) = R10\,506,25 \quad [2^{de} \text{ 6 maande}]$$

Doen oefening 5: bl. 101-104

$$1. \quad R_{1000} + (R_{1000} \times \frac{7}{100} \div 1) = R_{1070}$$